



DRAFT TANZANIA STANDARD

Textile floor coverings — Guidelines for installation and use on stairs

Draft for Stakeholders comments only

TANZANIA BUREAU OF STANDARDS

Textile floor coverings — Guidelines for installation and use on stairs

1.0 Introduction

1.1 This Draft Tanzania Standard is adopted by the Household Textiles Technical committee, under the supervision of Textile and Leather Technology Division Standards Committee.

1.2 This Draft Tanzania Standard is identical *to ISO 13746:2019 Textile floor coverings — Guidelines for installation and use on stairs (Confirmed on 2024)* Published by International Organization for Standardization (ISO).

1.3 This Draft Tanzania Standard is the first edition.

1.4 The text of the international standard is hereby being recommended for approval without deviation for publication as Draft Tanzania Standard.

2.0 Terminologies and conventions

If terminologies and conventions are not identical with those used in Tanzania standards; attention is drawn especially to the following: -

The comma has been used as a decimal marker for metric dimensions. In Tanzania Standards, it is current practice to use “full point” on the baseline as the decimal marker.

Where the words “International Standard(s)” appear, referring to this Draft Tanzania standard they should read “Draft Tanzania Standard(s)”.

Scope

This document provides recommendations for the installation and use of textile floor coverings on stairs for both residential/domestic and contract/commercial purposes. It covers all products composed of textile material with a pile or non-pile use surface including the use of such products in tile form.

This document is applicable only to carpets that are intended to be installed without the use of protective stair nosings. For carpets that are intended to be installed using protective stair nosings, the overall use class determines the stair suitability.

NOTE 1 The use of stair nosing's/edgings in public areas is often the subject of local by-laws and legislations.

NOTE 2 In many split-level dwellings, a room can have one or two steps between different levels. This situation differs from a stairway in several important respects:

— the steps are usually wider and therefore traffic intensity in any one place is usually lower;

— the carpet can be bent over steps in either the machine direction or the across-machine direction. On a stairway, it is normal practice to lay the carpet with the pile lying down the stairs.

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